SHESTAKOVA, G.S.

Mechanics of bird flight [with English summary in insert]. Zool.zhur.
25 no.7:1043-1050 Jl '56.

1.Institut merfologii zhivotnykh AN SSSR.

(Flight)

YAKOBI, V.E.; KOKSHAYSKIY, N.V.; BORODULINA, T.L.; SHESTAKOVA, G.S., doktor biol. nauk, prof., otv. red.; BROVKINA, Ye.T., red.izd-va; KHENOKH, F.M., tekhn. red.

[Functional morphology of birds] Funktsional'naia morfologiia ptits. Moskva, Izd-vo "Nauka," 1964. 91 p.

(MIRA 17:4)

ZIV, D.M.; SHESTAKOVA, I.A.

Solubility of some actinium compounds. Part 1: Determination of the solubility of actinium oxalate. Radiokhimiis 7 no.2: 166-175 165.

Solubility of some actinium compounds. Part 2: Determination of solubility and evaluation of the relative basicity of actinium hydroxide. Ibid.:175-187 (MIRA 18:6)

5/081/63/000/004/017/051 B166/B186

(17) Kalabina, A. V., Myasnikova, L. S., Kolmakova, E. F., AUTHORS: Shestakova, I. R., Pavlova, M. P., (18) Kalabina, A. V., Prilezhayeva, Ye. N., Yakovleva, Z. I.

Studies in the field of synthesis and conversions of vinylaryl TITLE: esters. No. 17. Synthesis and certain properties of  $\alpha,\beta$ -dibromethylaryl esters. No. 18. The addition of mercaptans to

vinyl esters of the aromatic series

Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, no. 4, 1963, 238, abstract PERIODICAL: 4Zh122 (Izv. Fiz.-khim. n.-i. in-ta pri Irkutskom un-te, v. 5, no. 1, 1961, 193 - 206, 225 - 237)

TEXT: (17) Bromination of the vinyl esters of phenol (I), o-cresol (II), n-tert-butylphenol and thymol (III) in CCl<sub>4</sub> gave the respective  $\alpha,\beta$ -dibromethyl esters (IV - VII), which have lachrymatory properties; without the solvent partial polymerization takes place. IV - VII probably exist in the form of two tautomeric forms CH2BrCHBrOAr = [CHBr=CHO(H)Ar] +Br -, :: as ionic Br is easily back-titrated by aqueous solutions of NaOH and AgNOz, Card 1/4

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Studies in the field of ...

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whilst IV - VII themselves are smoothly converted into β-bromvinyl esters (BVE) when vacuum distilled, yield 80 - 85%. Hydrolysis of IV - VII proceeds in two distinct stages: first of all under the action of H<sub>2</sub>O cold there is dissociation of the weak oxonium complex, and the BVE which forms only splits with long boiling in an acid medium. Into a solution of 0.14 moles I in 40 ml CCl<sub>4</sub> at -5°C (3 - 8°C inside the flask) were stirred, over a period of 1.5 - 2 hrs, 0.15 moles dry Br<sub>2</sub> in 20 ml CCl<sub>4</sub>, and IV, C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>8</sub>OBr<sub>2</sub>, was distilled off, yield 97.2%, b.p. 129 - 130°C/12 mm Hg, n°D 1.5849, d<sub>4</sub> 1.7418, fumes in air. 3 g IV and 50 ml water were shaken in a closed bottle at 45 - 50°C for 5 hrs, this was extracted with ether, and 1.19 g phenol BVE (VIII) was separated by distillation, b.p. 100 - 102°C/10 mm Hg, n²Op 1.5750, as well as 1.403 g IV. 1 g VIII and 25 ml 5% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> were heated, stirring at ~100°C for 6 - 7 hrs; this was neutralized with alkali and extracted with ether; after evaporating, BrCH<sub>2</sub>CHO was separated from the residue in the form of a semicarbazone; the alkaline layer was treated with 10% H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>OH was extracted with ether. V - VII were synthesized under similar conditions

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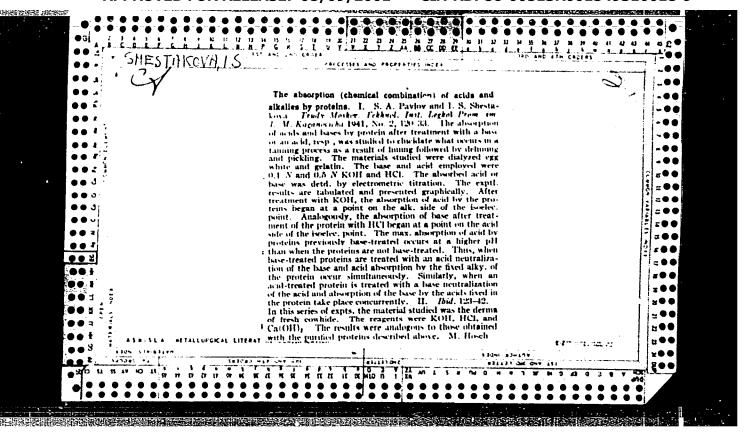
Studies in the field of ...

(below are given: the substance, yield %, b.p. in °C/mm Hg, n<sup>20</sup>D, d<sub>4</sub><sup>20</sup>); V, 97.6, 133 - 134/14, 1.5718, 1.5662, (BVE, b.p. 145 - 148°C/35 mm Hg, 1.5662); VI, 96.1, 126 - 127.3, 1.5450, 1.4909; VII, 97.5, 149 - 150.4, 1.5548, 1.4595.
(18) The addition of ethyl- and butylmercaptans to I - III was achieved by ionic and radical mechanisms, leading to CH<sub>3</sub>CH(SR)OAr (IX) and RSCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>OAr (X) respectively. Substitutes of the first kind in the benzene ring considerably simplify radical addition. The thioacetals produced are easily hydrolyzed with dilute H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and split quantitatively when X is treated with HgCl<sub>2</sub>, which proves their structure to be that of β adducts; under these conditions IX is highly stable. 0.1 mole I, 0.1 mole C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>SH and 0.02 g azodiisobutyrodinitrile were heated in a sealed ampoule at 90 - 100°C for 24 hrs, and X (R = C<sub>2</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, Ar = C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>), C<sub>10</sub>H<sub>14</sub>OS, was distilled, yield 85.02%, b.p. 123.5°C/3 mm Hg, n<sup>20</sup>D 1.5433, d<sub>4</sub> 1.0543. The other X were produced under similar conditions (below are given: R, Ar, the gross formula, yield%, Card 3/4

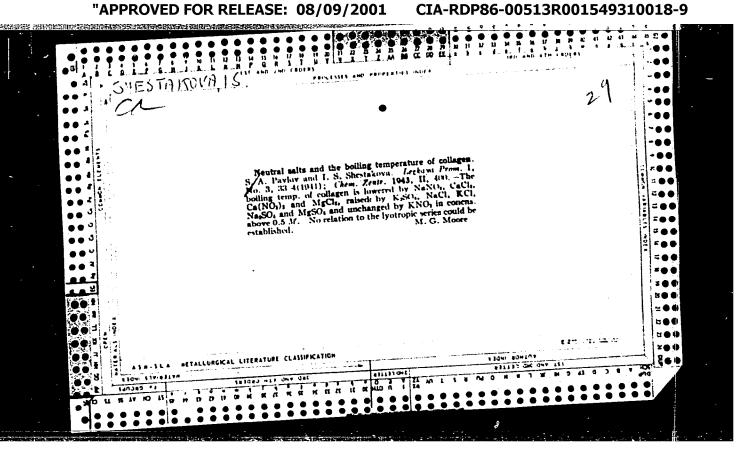
S/081/63/000/004/017/051 B166/B186

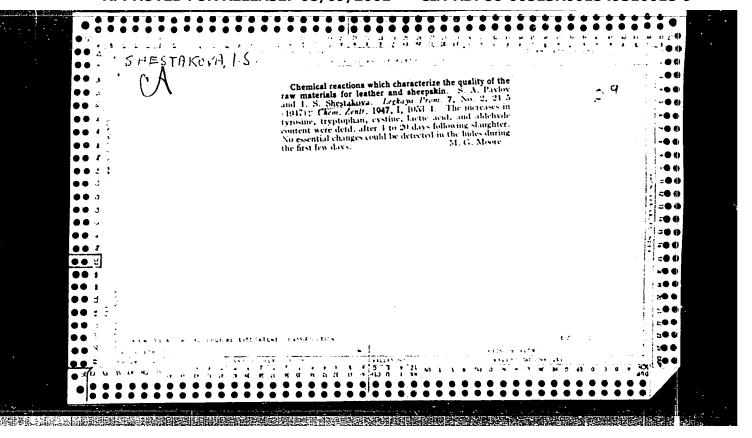
Studies in the field of ...

b.p. in oc/mm Hg, n<sup>20</sup>D, d<sub>4</sub><sup>20</sup>): C<sub>4</sub>H<sub>9</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>5</sub>, C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>18</sub>OS, 97.20, 141.0 - 142.0/2, 1.5313, 1.0118;  $c_{2}H_{5}$ , o- $c_{1}C_{6}H_{4}$  (Xa),  $c_{11}H_{16}Os$ , 97.19, 139.0/7, 1.5394, 1.0352;  $c_2^{H_5}$ , 3- $c_{3}^{-5-iso-c_3^{H_7}c_6^{H_3}}$ ,  $c_{12}^{H_{22}os}$ , 98.61, 166.0 - 167.0/12, 1.5270, 1.0025. A weak stream of dry  $S0_2$  was bubbled for 1 - 2 min into a cooled ampoule containing 0.1 mole I and 0.1 mole C2H5SH; this was allowed to stand for 3 - 4 hrs and then neutralized with dry H2CO3, giving IX  $(R = C_2H_5, Ar = C_6H_5)$  (IXa),  $C_{10}H_{14}OS$ , yield 68.5%, b.p. 62 - 63.0°C/3 mm Hg, n<sup>20</sup>D 1.5365, d<sub>4</sub><sup>20</sup> 1.0436. A mixture of 0.2487 g IXa and an excess of 20% solution of HgCl2 in alcohol was allowed to stand for 2 - 3 hrs, methyl orange was added and 97.52% HCl was found by titration with 0.1 N NaOH. A stream of SO2 was bubbled for 0.5 - 1 min into a mixture of 0.1 mole II and 0.15 mole C2H5SH, after 20 - 25 min IX was separated by distillation (R=C2H5  $Ar = o-CH_3C_6H_4$ ),  $C_{11}H_{16}OS$ , yield 60.0%, b.p. 74 - 75°C/12 mm Hg,  $n^{20}D$  1.5250 d<sub>4</sub> 1.0084, as well as Xa (in view of traces of O<sub>2</sub>), yield 3.1 g. For the previous communication see RZhKhim, 1961, 52h101. [Abstracter's note: plete translation.] Card 4/4



#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001549310018-9 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001





SHESTAKOVA, I. S.

23388 Deystivye tripsina, pepsina, kontsentrata i orizona na kollagen i gol'ye. Legkaya prom-st', 1949, No. 7, c. 23-24. Bibliogr: 5 Nazv.

SO: LETOPIS NO. 31, 1949.

38115. SHESTAKOVA, I. S.

V zashchity prioriteta sovetskikh issledovateley. (O primenenii pokazatlya vyplavlyayemosti zhelatiny pri izuchenii protsessa myagcheniya. Kozhevenno-obuvnaya prom-st'). Legkaya prom-st', 1949, No 11, s. 22. - Bibliogr: 9 nazv

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"Factors Influencing the Character of Changes of Basic Albumins of Hides in the Fermentation Processes of the Leather Industry (Softening)." Sub 29 May 51, Moscow Technological Inst of Light Industry imeni L. M. Kaganovich.

Dissertations presented for science and engineering degrees in Moscow during 1951.

SO: Sum. No. 480, 9 May 55.

Cleavage of collagen. Legkaya Pron. 12, No.2, 30-1 '52. (CA 47 no.19:10260 '53)	(MIRA 4:12)

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R001549310018-9"

CHERNOV, Mikoley Vladimirovich, prof.; ARONINA, Yu.N., dots.; GAYDAROV, L.P., dots.; STRAKHOV, I.P., prof.; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., prof.; KOTOV, M.P., prof., retsenzent; MIKHAYLOV, A.H., prof., retsenzent; RAZUMOVSKAYA, Ye.V., red.; KNAKNIN, M.T., tekhn.red.

[Chemistry of the leather and fur industries] Khimiia kozhevennogo i mekhovogo proizvodstva. Pod boshchei red. N.V.Chernova. Moskva, Gos. nauchno-tekhn.izd-vo lit-ry po legkoi promyshl., 1957. 456 p.

(Fur) (Chemistry, Technical) (MIRA 11:3)

(Leather industry)

DENISOVA, A.A., inzhener; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, professor.

Tanning Russian leather with pine tanning. Leg.prom.17 no.3:19 Mr 157. (MLRA 10:4)

SAVEL'YEV, A.I., inzh.; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.;
CHERNOV, N.V., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.

Wearing out of hairs of furs. Leg. prom. 18 no.3:43-46 Mr '58.

(Fur)

(MIRA 11:4)

BALBEROVA, N.A., inzh.; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn.nauk, prof.

Effect of liming reagnets on albumins of hair follicles. Leg. prom. (MIRA 11:4)

(Tanning)

CHERNOV, Nikolay Vladimirovich; ARONINA, Yuliya Naumovna; GAYDAROV,
Leonid Petrovich; GOLOVTEYEVA, Alevtina Alekseyevna; STRAKHOV,
Ivan Pavlovich; SHESTAKOVA, Irina Sergeyevna; YEGORKIN, N.I.,
prof., retsenzent; KOTOV, M.P., prof., retsenzent; PLEHYANNIKOV, M.N., red.; KNAKNIN, M.T., tekhn.red.

[Leather and fur technology] Tekhnologiia kozhi i mekha. Pod obshchei red. N.Y.Chernova. Moskva, Gos.nauchno-tekhn. izd-vo lit-ry po legkoi promyshl., 1959. 719 p. (MIRA 13:2)

 Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti (for Chernov, Aronina, Gaydarov, Golovteyeva, Strakhov, Shestakova).
 (Leather) (Fur)

MIRONOV, F.V., inzh.; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., prof., doktor tekhn.nauk

New developments in the investigation of willow-bark extracts.

Kozh.-obuv.prom. 2 no.3:22-26 Mr '60. (MIRA 14:5)

(Tanning materials)

MIRONOV, F.V., inzh.; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., prof.

Effect of the quality of willow bark tanning extracts on the properties of Russian leather. Kozh.-obuv.prom. 2 no.6:13-18 (MIRA13:9)

Je '60. (Tanning)

SHCHUKINA, N.G., kand.tekhn.nauk; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhnicheskikh nauk, prof.

Leather filling with a mixture of glucose and magnesium sulfate. Nauch.trudy MTILP no.23:29-34 '61. (MIRA 15:9)

l. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

(Leather)

ULANOV, S. A., inzh.; CHERNOV, N. V., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; SHESTAKOVA, I. S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.

Viscosity of the solutions of vegetable and synthetic tanning materials. Kozh. obuv. prom. 4 no.10:19-22 0 162. (MIRA 15:10)

(Tanning materials)

LEONOV, V.P., inzh.; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.

Use of the chromatographic method for studying the products of oxidation of seal oil. Nauch. trudy MTILP 25:27-32 162. (MIRA 16:8)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkov promyshlennosti.

MINKIN, Ye.V., aspirant; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.

Effect of a preliminary treatment of collagen on its dissolving. Nauch. trudy MTILP 25:52-57 162.

(MIRA 16:8)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

GOLOVTEYEVA, A.A., kend. tekhn. nauk, dotsent; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; CHERNOV, N.V., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.

Problems of the dissolving and reconstitution of collagen. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; tekh. leg. prom. no.4:72-83 '63. (MIRA 16:10)

l. Moskovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut legkoy promyshlennosti. Rekomendovana kafedroy tekhnologii kozhi i mekha.

GOLOVTEYEVA, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, dotsent; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; CHERNOV, N.V., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.

Problem of dissolving and reconstituting collagen. Izv. vys. ucheb. zav.; tekh. leg. prom. no.5:62-67 163. (MIRA 16:12)

l. Moskovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut legkoy promyshlennosti. Rekomendovana kafedroy tekhnologii kozhi i mekha.

MINKIE, Ye.V., perimant; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., deater tekhn. neuk, prof.; BEGANOV, Y.M., inch.

Effect of the preliminary treatment of collegen on its dissolving. Report No.3. Nauch. trudy MTILP no.27:/2-47 '63. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskigo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

MINKIN, Ye.V., aspirant; SMESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; GOLOVINA, G.S., inzh.

Effect of the preliminary treatment of collagem on its dessolving. Report No.4. Nauch. trudy MTILP no.27:48-53 163. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Deshavskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

MINKIN, Ye.V., aspirant; SHES AKOV., I.S., dekter tekhn. nauk, prof.;

Effect of the preliminary treatment of collagen on its dissolving. Report No.5. Nauch. trudy MTILP no.27:54-59 163. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Hosketskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

MINKIN, Ye.V., aspirant; STESHOV, G.I., aspirant: SUSSIMEVA, I.S., icktor tokhn. nauk, prof.; GOLGVIEVEVA, A..., NOVI. Tekhn. nauk, detuent significant of the preliminary treatment of vilagen on its dissolving. Report No.6. Nauch. trudy MTILP no.2012-56 163.

1. Kafedra tekhnologii kezhi i mekha i te vskogo tekhnologiehschogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

OCICHTE EVA, A.A., kand. tekhn. nauk, dotsent; STLE FAKOVA, 1.J., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; CHEFFOV, N.V., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; KARPACHEV, P.S., inzh.

Effect of mechanical actions on the acceleration of dye penetration in tanning. Nauch. trudy MTILP no.27:93-98 153. (MIRA 17:11)

1. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Normaskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

STRAKHOV, Ivan Pavlovich, prof.; ARONINA, Yuliya Naumovna, dots.;

GAYDAROV, Leonid Petrovich, dots.; GOLOVTEYEVA,
Alevtina Alekseyevna, dots.; CHERNOV, Nikolay Vladimirovich,
prof.; SHESTAKOVA, Irina Sergeyevna, prof.; KOTOV, M.P.,
prof., retsenzent; KLOCHKOV, S.A., inzh., retsenzent;
GRECHEVA, A.V., red.; FLEMYANNIKOV, M.N., red.

[Chemistry and technology of leather and fur] Khimiia i tekhnologiia kozhi i mekha. Moskva, Legkai: industriia, 1964. 621 p. (MIRA 18:2)

SHESTAKOVA, I.S., prof., doktor tekhn. naul

[Present-day concepts of the structure and properties of collagen] Sovremennye predstavleniia o stroenii i svoi-stvakh kollagena. Moskva, 1964. 147 p. (MIRA 18:5)

l. Moscow. Vsesoyuznyy zaochnyy institut tekstil'noy i legkoy promyshlenristi. Fakul'tet usovershenstvovaniya inzhenerov i rukovodyashchikh rabotnikov legkoy promyshlennosti.

KASPAR'YANTS, S.A., aspirant, doktor tekhn. nauk; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., prof.;
POZUNYAKOVA, N.G., inzh.

Effect of the unhairing methods on the properties of the products of the solute of sheepskin derma. Nauch. trudy MTIIP no.30:3-9 '64. (MIRA 18:6)

l. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

KASPAR'YANTS, S.A., aspirant; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. nauk, prof.; SAFONOVA, N.V., inzh.

Effect of some electrolytes and enzymes on the synthetic fibers obtained from the products of the solute of sheepskin derma.

Nauch. trudy MTILP no.30:10-17 :64. (MIRA 18:6)

l. Kafedra tekhnologii kozhi i mekha Moskovskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta legkoy promyshlennosti.

GIL'HAH, B.A. [Hil'man, B.A.]; SHESTAKOVA, I.S., doktor tekhn. mauk

Effect of the raw materials and methods of marface-active agent synthesis on the quality of the scouring and degreesing of the wool cover of sheep pelts. Leh. prom. no.4:12-16 0-D 165.

(MEM 19:1)

NACT REMOVEMENT AND THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

OVECHKIN, Ye.K.; DROZIN, N.N.; KUTSYNA, M.I.; SHESTAKOVA, L.A.; GERASIMENKO, Ye.I.; Prinimali uchastiye: YEREMEYEV, V.S.; KATERIHCHENKO, V.A.; VORONINA, L.A.

Scale formation in distillation columns of the soda manufacture. Zhur.prikl.khim. 34 no.9:1987-1995 S '61. (MIRA 14:9) (Distillation apparatus)

OVECHKIN, Ye.K.; GERASIMENKO, Ye.I.; GUSAKOVA, L.A.; Prinimali uchastiye: SHESTAKOVA, L.A.; KOTILEVSKIY, V.I.; VOROPAY, S.A.

Development of the technology of production of highly dispersed calcium carbonate. [Trudy] NIOKHIM 15:19-63 '63. (MIRA 18:2)

KHRAMTSOVA, A.D., kand.med.nauk; SHESTAKOVA, L.B., vrach

Hygienic evaluation of various working routines of students at agricultural camps. Gig. i san. 26 no.5:102-105 My '61.

(MIRA 15:4)

1. Iz kafedry gigiyeny detey i podrostkov Leningradskogo sanitarno-gigiyenicheskogo meditsinskogo instituta.

(CHILDREN-EMPLOIMENT)

SHESTAKOVA, L. M.

Kok-Saghyz

Experimenta of pupils with kok-saghyz. Est. v shkole no. 4, 1952

9. Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, November 1953, Uncl.

SHESTAKOVA, M. P.

My work practices. Tekst.prom. 15 no.11:50-51 H 55 . (MLRA 9:1)

1.Master pryadil'nogo tsekha Smolenskogo l'nokombinata imeni Andreyeva. (Spinning)

	skestakova Ni		
	Precise method for determination of aluminum sulfate in Solutions.  N. Steetsking and L. Marozovy. Novosti  Neftyanol Treat. Neprepresibotka 1955, No. 3, 34 6.  Neprepresibotka 1955, No. 3, 34 6.  Neprepresibotka 1955, No. 3, 34 6.		
	Noftyanol Icka., Nojupironboka 1955, No. 3, 34 G. Noftyanol Icka., Nojupironboka 1955, No. 3, 34 G. The electrometric method of Dranovskii (cf. C.A. 43, 972d) was adapted for the automatic titration of Al sulfate working soln, in the manuf. of alumina.  A. P. Kotloby		Ces .
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BATSANOV, S.S.; SHESTAKOVA, N.A.; KHRIPIN, L.A.

Tin chalcogen chlorides. Dokl. AN SSSR 152 no.3:606-608 S '63. (MIRA 16:12)

1. Institut neorganicheskoy khimii Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR. Predstavleno akademikom I.I.Chernyayevym.

ENG(j)/ENT(m)/EPF(c)/EPR/ENP(t)/ENP(b) Pr-4/Fs-4 AS(mp)-2/ RAEM(e)/RAEM(c)/ESD(gs)/ESD(t) JD/JG AP4048431 5/0181/64/006/011/3467/3468 ACCESSION NR: AUTHOR: Shestakova, N. A.; Gurevich, M. A.; Marina, L. I.; Nashel'skly, A. Ya. TITLE: Micrographic investigation of gallium phosphide crystals SOURCE: Fizika tverdogo tela, v. 6, no. 11, 1964, 3467-3468 TOPIC TAGS: compound semiconductor, gallium phosphide crystal, single crystal growth, crystal stching, crystal structure defect, crystal dislocation, twin crystal The microstructure of gallium-phosphide crystals has been ABSTRACT: studied using a new etching formulation to reveal structural differences between the crystals grown by different methods (from stolchiometric or nonstoichiometric melts and from vapor phase). The practical importance of gallium phosphide was emphasized as one of the most promising AIIIBV-compound semiconductors. The etching formulation contained trivalent from ion as an oxidant and hydrochloric acid as the solvent for gallium oxide. Micrographs of the etched acicular or Card 1/2

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ACCESSION NR: AP4048431

lamellar crystals revealed not only dislocations, but also other structure defects such as bands or spirals of growth. Dislocation etch pits were described as triangular pyramids uniformly distributed in most lamellar crystals and clustered around the boundary between two differently oriented regions in acicular crystals. Two differently oriented regions were also observed in lamellar crystals. These observations led to the conclusion that some of the crystals grown by either method were twins or contained differently oriented inclusions. Orig. art. has: 2 figures.

ASSOCIATION: Gosudarstvenny\*y nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proektny\*y institut redkometallicheskey promy\*shlennosti, Hoscow (State Design and Planning Scientific Research Institute of the Rare Hetals Industry)

SUBMITTED: 15May64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: SS

NO REF SOV: 001

OTHER: 004

ATD PRESS: 3126

Card 2/2

SHALTYKO, G.Ye., Prinimali uchastiye: KULESHOVA, A.A.; SHESTAKOVA, N.A. SOKOLOVA, Z.N.; BOBROV, V.V.

Increase of the toxicity of shale tar collected in a compartment oven main with the purpose of using it for antisepting treating of wood. Zhur.prikl.khim. 34 no.10:2362-2364 0 161. (MIRA 14:11)

1. Leningradskiy institut inzhenerov zheleznodorozhnogo transporta.
(Wood preservatives) (Coal tar)

EWD(m)/EWP(t)/EWP(b) EJP(c)/AS(mp)-2/ASD(a)-5/RAEM(a)/ASD(m)-3/SSD/L 11268-65 RAEM(c)/AF --/pan/+).....n 5/0070/64/009/005/0752/0754 ACCESSION NR: AP4046052 AUTHORS: Shestakova, N. A.; Gurevich, M. A.; Ivleva, V. S. Metallographic investigation of structural defects (dislo-TITLE: cations) of indium antimonide single crystals v. 9, no. 5, 1964, 752-754 Kristallografiya, SOURCE: TOPIC TAGS: indium antimonide, single crystal, dislocation density, stoichiometry, crystal growth, semiconductor material, structural dislocation, metallography ABSTRACT: A polished section was prepared, coinciding with the (111) plane accurate to better than 3°, with the orientation of the single crystals determined by the Laue method. This was followed by mechanical polishing of the investigated surface and etching in a CP-4A acid mixture (CH3COOH: HF: HNO3 = 3:3:5) for 15--20 seconds at room temperature. This disclosed not only the dislocation etch

L 11268-65 ACCESSION NR: AP4046052

pits but also the small-angle boundaries, mosaic blocks, twins, grain boundaries, and second-phase inclusions. The dislocation density on individual single-crystal samples of InSb, obtained by the Czochralski and by the zone-melting method, ranges from 2.0 x  $\times$  10<sup>2</sup>--1.1 x 10<sup>3</sup> to 1 x 10<sup>4</sup>--1.0 x 10<sup>6</sup> cm<sup>-2</sup>, respectively. The dislocations in crystals obtained by zone melting are highly uneven along the section of the ingot, and the dislocation density is one order of magnitude higher than in crystals obtained by the Czochralski method. Another feature of the former crystals is the presence of small-angle boundaries of different widths and lengths. It was also found that the structure of single-crystal ingots drawn from a melt containing an excess of one of the components differs greatly from the structure of ingets obtained from melts of steichiometric composition. This is possibly due to the radical change in the crystallization front. It is stated in conclusion that the use of metallographic procedures for the investigation of semiconductor single crystals discloses many important structural features con-

1. 11268-65						
	NR: AP404605	2				
nected wit	h their growth	h conditions	. Orig. ar	t. has: 3 fig	ures.	
ASSOCIATIO	N: Gosudarst	venny*y nauc	chno-issledo	vatel'skiy in	stitut	
redkometa and Design	llicheskoy pro Institute of	the Rare Me	etal Industr	A)	a.c.	
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SHESTAKOVA, N.A.; GUREVICH, M.A.; MARINA, L.I.; NASHELISKIY, A.Ya.

Metallographic study of gallium phosphide crystals. Fiz. tver. to a 6 no.11:3467-3468 N 164. (MIRA 18:1)

1. Gosudarstvennyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy i proyektnyy institut redkometallicheskoy promyshlennosti, Moskva.

69283

sov/123-59-22-91510

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Mashinostroyeniye, 1959, Nr 22, p 22 (USSR)

15-8120 15,2000

AUTHOR:

Shestakova, N.I.

TITLE:

The Practice of Applying Plastics at the "Elektrostanok" Plant

PERIODICAL:

Byul. tekhn.-ekon. inform. (Sovnarkhoz Khar'kovsk. ekon. adm. r-na),

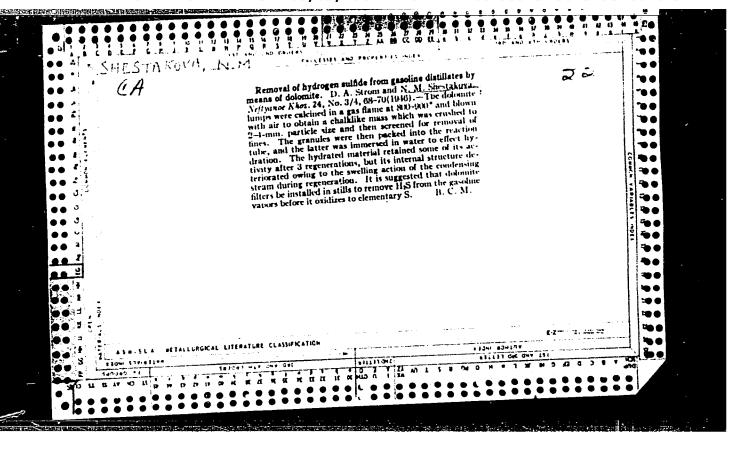
1958, Nr 3, pp 13 - 14

ABSTRACT:

The author reports that at the "Elektrostanok" Plant various machine parts and assemblies for electric devices are made of plastics. The main sorts of material used for this purpose are: the phenolaldehyde plastic grades K 17-2, K 21-22, K 18-2, press materials on the base of modified phenol resins with organic and mineral fillers of the K 78-51 grade, modified phenol press materials with caoutchouc filler additives, possessing increased physical-mechanical properties, glass plastics and epoxide resins. The nomenclature of articles manufactured of plastics includes 120 items. The articles are pressed in the plastics shop. The press powder is pelleted and preheated by high-frequency currents. A number of measures is planned to introduce plastics still further and to

Card 1/1

extend their field of application at the factory. S.N.K.



#### CIA-RDP86-00513R001549310018-9 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

SOV/81-59-16-58557

Franslation from: Referativnyy zhurnal. Khimiya, 1959, Nr 16, p 418 (USSR)

AUTHORS:

Shestakova, N.M., Toroptsev, N.G.

,你们也不可以在现在的证据,可以是这种的,不是是是**是是是是是是是是是是是是**是是我们的证明的,你可以可以是是我们的,你可以不是,你们也不是

TITLE:

Improvement of the Method of Determining Chloride Salts in Petrcleum

PERIODICAL:

Novosti neft. tekhn. Neftepererabotka, 1958, Nr 8, pp 26-28

ABSTRACT:

In connection with the insufficiently accurate, very laborious and time-consuming determination of chlorides in petroleum according to State Standard GOST 2401-47 a new method of this analysis has been developed. To 25 ml of petroleum, 10 ml of gasoline of direct distillation, 15-30 ml acetone, 250 ml of boiling distilled water are added and mixed for 5 min on a mechanical rocking device with 120 shakings per min. An aqueous extract is separated, filtered through a paper filter in the presence of H2S, boiled to a negative test with lead paper, acidified by 0.2 n2HNOz and titrated by a solution of mercury nitrate of 0.01 n with diphenylcarbazide as an indicator, Under described conditions a single extraction extracts 99.6% of chlorides, even if their content in petroleum is  $\sim 27,000$  mg/l, and the titration with mercury nitrate yields more exact results

card 1/2

SOV/81-59-16-58557

Improvement of the Method of Determining Chloride Salts in Petroleum

than with  $AgNO_5$ , especially for petroleum with a low chloride content. The admissible discrepancies in parallel determinations at a chloride content of 50-10.000 mg/l do not exceed 5-100 mg/l, respectively.

A. Shakhov.

Card 2/2

ACC NR: AP7000914

SOURCE CODE: UR/0318/66/000/011/0049/0049

AUTHOR: Shestakova, N. M.; Toporova, Z. P.

ORG: BASHNIINP

Company of the large parameters

TITLE: Reagents for a rapid method of determination of barium and zinc

in oil additives por oils with additives

SOURCE: Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 11, 1966, 49

TOPIC TAGS: lubricant additive, barium compound, zinc compound, analytic decormination charity

ABSTRACT: The compositions and preparation of solutions for a rapid method of determination of zinc and barium in oil additives and in oils with additives are presented. The method was developed at the Bashki-rian Scientific Research Institute of Petroleum Processing (BAShNINP) and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, and was reported previously (Neftepererabo

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AP7000914				,					
ammonium sulfate; outanol are menti	6) 3 <b>%</b> oned.	solution (WA-2	on of in	n addition,	pure	benzene	and		i
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Card 2 / 2					•				

ACC NR AP7000914 .

SOURCE CODE: UR/0318/66/000/011/0049/0049

AUTHOR: Shestakova, N. M.; Toporova, Z. P.

ORG: BAShNIINP

TITLE: Reagents for a rapid method of determination of barium and zinc

in oil additives or oils with additives

SOURCE: Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 11, 1966, 49

TOPIC TAGS: lubricant additive, barium compound, zinc compound, analytic determination clemity

ABSTRACT: The compositions and preparation of solutions for a rapid method of determination of zinc and barium in oil additives and in oils with additives are presented. The method was developed at the Bashki-rian Scientific Research Institute of Petroleum Processing (BAShNIINP) and was reported previously (Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, 1966). The preparation of the following solutions is given: 1) a standard solution of Trilon B [EDTA]; 2) a standard zinc solution; 3) buffer solution A of ammonium hydroxide and ammonium chloride with pH=10; 4) buffer solution B of the same reagents and with the same pH, but containing EDTA titrated magnesium chloride; 5) 20% solution of

Card 1/2

ACC NR: AP7000914  ammonium sulfate; 6) 3% solution of in addition, pure benzene and butanol are mentioned. [WA-28]							
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MASAGUTOV, R.M.; SHESTAKOVA, N.M.; MIKHAYLOVA, M.G.; GILYAZEV, N.G.; ZAITOVA, A.Ya.; VOLKOVA, L.I.

Effect of temperature during calcination on the mechanical strength of catalysts. Khim. i tekh.topl. i masel 4 no.1: 69-71 Ja 159. (MIRA 12:1)

l. Bashkirskiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut neftyanoy promyshlennosti. (Catalysts)

MASAGUTOV, R.M.; SHESTAKOVA, N.M.; MIKHAYLOVA, M.G.; GILYAZEV, N.G.; ZAITOVA, A.Ya.; VOLKOVA, L.I.

Effect of the firing temperature of a catalyst during preparation on its mechanical strength. Trudy Bash NII NP no.3:166-170 60.

(MIRA 14:4)

(Catalysis) (Cracking process)

L 45722-66 EW: (a)/L/EWP(1)/ET (.P(.) 10/D.1

ACC NR: AP6026499 (A) SOURCE CODE: UR/0318/66/000/005/0016/0018

AUTHOR: Shestakova, N. M.; Toporova, Z. P.

99

ORG: BashNIINPN

TITLE: Rapid method of determining barium and zinc in additives and oils with additives

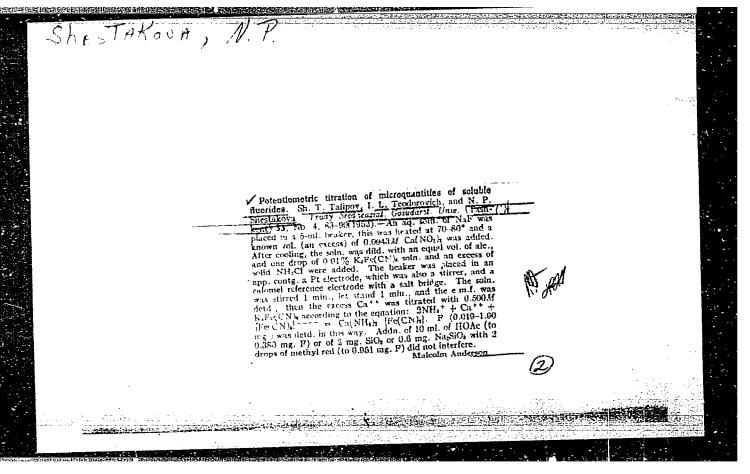
SOURCE: Neftepererabotka i neftekhimiya, no. 5, 1966, 16-18

TOPIC TAGS: barium, zinc, calcium, quantitative analysis

ABSTRACT: In order to simplify and accelerate the determination of barium and zinc in additives and oils containing additives; a cold extraction method was used to extract the metal-containing components; it consisted in agitating the benzene solution of the sample with HCl (manually or mechanically) for 15 min and washing twice with water. The notals were then determined by complexometric titration. The data showed a complete extraction of the metal-containing components. The procedures for determining berium in the absence of zinc and zinc and barium together are described. The method is rapid and does not require any complex equipment. It is thought to apply to calcium-containing products as well. Orig. art. has: I table.

SUB CODE: 07/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 002

Card 1/1 ULR UDC: 665.637.6-4:546.431:543.06



ATCHARAROV, B.A.; NIKULICHEVA, V.S.; SHESTAKOVA, N.P.

State of some vegetative cardiac reflexes in lead poisoning. Trudy
Inst.kraev.pat. AN Kazakh.SSR 4:64-70 156. (MIRA 10:3)

(IMAD POISONING) (HEART)

ATCHABAROV, B.A.; SHESTAKOVA, N.P.

Influence of typological peculiarities of the higher nervous activity and of other nonspecific factors on the rise of lead intoxication.

Trudy Inst. kraev. pat. AN Kazakh. SSR 8:124-129 '60. (MIRA 14:5)

(NERVOUS SYSTEM) (LEAD POISONING)

ATCHABAROV, B.A., kand.med.nauk; MAKASHEV, K.K., kand.med.nauk; SHESTAKOVA, N.P.

Fate of lead introduced into the organism. Vest.AN Kazakh.SSR 17 (MIRA 14:6)

10.5:48-55 My '61. (IEAD IN THE BODY)

MANANNIKOVA, Nadezhda Vasil'yevna; BULYGINA, Yelizaveta Aleksandrovna; ROMANOVSKAYA, Sof'ya Yul'yevna; SHESTAKOVA, Natal'ya Petrovna; SHAPIRO, Sof'ya L'vovna; SHISHLYANNIKOVA, Mariya Abramovna; NOVOSELOVA, Raisa Semenovna; POPOVA, G.F., red.; YUKHNOVSKAYA, S.I., red.; KOKIN, N.M., tekhn. red.

[Course of lectures for gravidas and mothers] Kurs lektsii
dlia beremennykh i materei. 7 lektsii. 5 izd. Moskva, Medgiz,
(MIRA 16:7)
1963. 238 p.
(PRENATAL CARE) (WOMEN-HEALTH AND HYGIENE)
(INFANTS-CARE AND HYGIENE)

KCRBANOVA, Z.N.; SLUKIN, A.D.; SHESTAKOVA, O.G.

Use of polystyrol resins in the mixture formula for protective rubbers. Kauch.i rez. 21 no.11:51-52 N '62.

(MIRA 15:12)

1. Voronezhskiy shinnyy zavod.

(Resins, Synthetic)

(Rubber coatings)

L 25322-65 EWT(m)/EPF(c)/EWP(j)/T Pc-4/Pr-4 RM

ACCESSION NR: AR5003013

s/0081/64/000/020/s083/s083

SOURCE: Ref. zh. Khimiya, Abs. 203521

AUTHOR: Slukin, A. D.; Yukel'son, I. I.; Shestakova, O. G.; Korbanova, Z. N.; Fedotova, L. V.

TITLE: Polyethylphenylene ethyl as an ingredient in rubber mixtures

CITED SOURCE: Tr. Labor. khimii vysokomolekul. soyedineniy. Voronezhsk. un-t. vyp. 2, 1963, 136-139

TOPIC TAGS: rubber mixture, protective coating, plasticizer, vulcanizer, rubber vulcanization, rubber property, polyethylphenylene ethyl/ protective coating SKS-30 ARKM, FN-6 oil

TRANSLATION: A polymer of polyethylphenylene ethyl (10-25 parts by weight) was used as a plasticizer in the preparation of protective coatings made of SKS-30 ARKM, p containing 100 parts by weight rubber and 50 parts by weight carbon black HAF. The industrial properties of the mixtures are analogous to the properties of mixtures with PN-6 oil. With small plasticizer contents, the tensile strength of

Card 1/2

L 25322-65
ACCESSION NR: AR5003013
rubbers with PN-6 oil is higher than that of rubbers with polyethylphenylene ethyl; in proportion to increase in plasticizer polyethylphenylene ethyl; in PN-6 falls more than the content, the strength of vulcanizers with PN-6 falls more than the strength with polyethylphenylene ethyl. Polyethylphenylene ethyl also increases the elasticity and the dynamic properties of vulcanizers. I. Krylova.

SUB CODE: GC, OC ENGL: 00

设设设计划(1997年) [1997年) [1997年) [1997年] RM/W Pr-4/Pc-4 ASD/AFFTC EPF(c)/EWP(j)/EWT(m)/BDS \$/0138/63/000/004/0001/0005 ь 12839-63 ACCESSION NR: AP3001425 AUTHOR: Shatalov, V. P.; Gostev, M. M.; Kry\*lova, I. A.; Artemov, V. M.; Shestakova, O. G.; Korbanova, Z. N.; Slukin, A. D.; Sotnikov, I. F.; Torbinskiy TITLE: Low-temperature polymerized butadiene-styrene rubber with a carbon black-. X. X. cil filler SOURCE: Kauchuk i rezina, no. 4, 1943, 1-5 TOPIC TAGS: polymerization, carbon black filler, oil filler, butadiene rubber, ABSTRACT: Studies were conducted on the preparation of stable dispersions of styrene rubber various types of carbon black, with and without surface-active substances. The latter included potassium rosinate, Leukanol, and ammonium caseinate. The dispersions were prepared in ball mills, in jet mills, and by means of a vibrator. The kinetic and aggregate stability of the dispersions were determined. Potassium resinate and Leukanol produced dispersions which did not separate for several days. The oil emulsion was prepared with the aid of stearic acid and triethanolamine. The carbon black dispersion was mixed with the latex of butadiene-styrene rubber 'Card 1/2 

12889-63 ACCESSION NR: AP3001425

and into it was introduced the oil emulsion. The coagulation of this mass was best achieved by pouring it into a 9% solution of sodium chloride containing 7% sulfuric acid at 400. It was found that the introduction of carbon black into the latex previous to congulation had a favorable effect on the technological properties of the vulcanizates and permitted the ocessing of rubbers with a higher molecular weight. The KhAF brand of carbon black and the use of potassium rosinato as emulsifier produced vulcanized rubbers of superior strength and abrasive properties, with a higher modulus of elasticity and with a hetter adhesion to the cord. Pasy"nkov, N. V., Bondaryev, A. Ye., and Gergasevich, T. V. participated in the work. Orig. art. has: 3 tables.

ASSOCIATION: Voronezhskiy zavod sinteticheskogo kauchuka i Voronezhskiy shinny\*y zavod (Voronezh Synthetic Rubber Plant and Voronezh Tire Plant)

SUBMITTED: CO

DATE ACQ: 30May63

ENCL: 00

NO REF SOV: 002

OTHER: 002

Card 2/2

SUB CODE:

CIA-RDP86-00513R001549310018-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 08/09/2001

YUKELISON, I.I.; SLUKIN, A.D.; KORBANOVA, Z.N.; SHESTAKOVA, O.G.; FEDOTOVA, L.V.

Investigating polyarylene alkyls as ingredients of a rubber compound. Kauch. i rez. 22 no.9:2-4 S '63. (MIRA 16:11)

1. Voronezhskiy shinnyy zavod i Voronezhskiy tekhnologicheskiky institut.

ACCESSION NR: AP4026365

s/0138/64/000/003/0019/0021

AUTHORS: Zalukayev, L. P.; Pivnev, V. I.; Reznikov, V. S.; Shestakova, O. G.; Korbanova, Z. N.; Buryagina, A. S.

TITLE: A study of thermal aging in protector rubbers made from natural rubber by nuclear magnetic resonance

SOURCE: Kauchuk i rezina, no. 3, 1964, 19-21

TOPIC TAGS: thermal aging, rubber, nuclear magnetic resonance, magnetic field,

ABSTRACT: The nuclear magnetic resonance (NMR) method is briefly described. The phenomenon involves magnetic moments acquired by the nuclei of element atoms placed in a constant magnetic field of magnitude H<sub>o</sub>. For a proton-nucleus atom of hydrogen, the orientation energy is determined from

 $\Delta E = 2\mu H_0$ 

Card 1/2

ACCESSION NR: AP4026365

and the frequency from

 $h\nu_0 = 2\mu H_0$ 

This method has been used to determine the thermal aging of 2-mm thick protector rubber specimens with various antioxidants at 100, 120, and 140C temperatures in atmospheric air. The amplitude change  $\triangle A$  of an arbitrary NMR signal is represented graphically as a function of time and temperature. At 120 and 140C temperatures a plateau is observed in the curves for aging times of 90 and 30 hours respectively. A table is presented of aging coefficients, comparing the oxidation kinetics of eleven specimens by the NMR method and a mechanical method. The NMR method is shown to be a useful means for investigating thermal aging in rubber. Orig. art. has: 3 formulas, 2 tables, and 1 figure.

ABSOCIATION: Voronezhskiy shinnywy mavod (Voronezh Tire Works); Voronezhskiy Gosuderstvennywy universitet (Voronezh State University)

SUBMITTED: 00

DATE ACQ: 17Apr64

ENCL: 00

SUB CODE: MT

NO REF SOV: 002

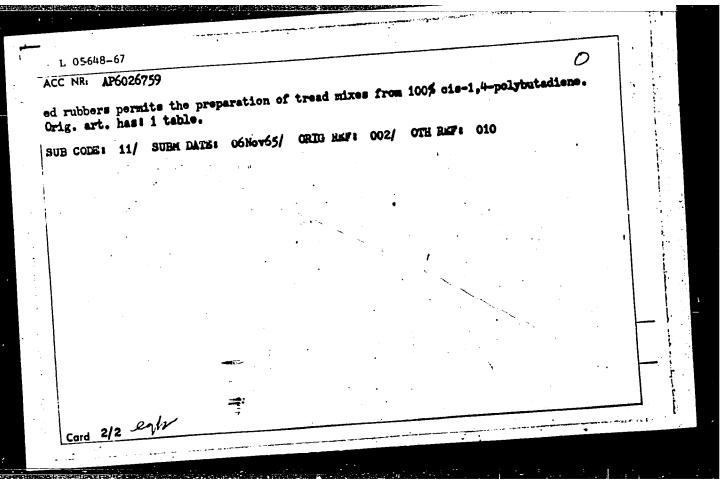
OTHER: 000

Card 2/2

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h281-66 EnT(m)/EPF(c)/FMP(ACCESSION NR: AP5024104  AUTHOR: Yukel'son, I. I.; Sluk Feddova, L. V.; Shestakova, O	678, 048/049:546/54	banova, Z. N.;	3	ş
TITLE: Study of nitro derivative SOURCE: Knuchuk I rezina, no. TOPIC TAGS: nitration, anticx	es of polyarylenealky as ingre 9, 1965, 6-8 idant additive, chain polymer, with the synthesis of nitro deri	rubber chemical		
aliphatic-aromatic porjusted	R' (CH <sub>1</sub> ) <sub>n</sub> (CH <sub>1</sub> ) <sub>n</sub>	Athod	of	
synthesis of these nitro derivations of the second of th				
•				

-	nitric and sulfuric acid at 30 - 40C, was developed at the Voronezh shinnyy zavod (Voronezh Tire Plant). Polyphenylenecthyls (containing 2.4, 3.0, 4.1, and 5.4% nitro-(Voronezh Lested in tread	
	(Voronezh Tire Plant). Polyphenyleneethyls (containing 2, 4, 5, 5, 5), and the gen) and polyethylphenyleneethyls (4.9% nitrogen) were synthesized and tested in tread gen) and polyethylphenyleneethyls (4.9% nitrogen) were synthesized and tested in tread stocks with an SKS-30ARKM base containing PM-70 carbon black and with an NK base containing a combination of channel gas black and PM-70 black. In mixtures based on SKS-30ARKM, addition of the nitro derivatives markedly increases the hardness and the modulus at 300% clongation, and causes a certain increase in the strength of the vulcanizates. In mixtures based on NK, the synthesized products raise the modulus at 300% clongation (by 10 - 20%) and the hardness. Orig. art. has: 4 figures and 1 table.  ASSOCIATION: Voronezhskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut (Voronezh Technological Institute); Voronezhskiy shinnyy zavod (Voronezh Tire Plant)	
_	SUBMITTED: 00 ENCL: 00 SUB CODE: MT, GC NO REF SOV: 003 OTHER: 000  Card 2/2	
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	L 05648-67 EWT(m)/EWP(j) LJP(e) RM SOURCE CODE: UR/0138/66/000/005/0003/0004		
	".aa ND 106026759 (15)		
	AUTHOR: Gostev, M. M.; Bryantsev, V. V.; Kovrizhko, L. F.; Sotnikov, I. J.,  Kerbanova, J.N.; Latyniva, S.L.; Shatakeva, Company, L.N.; Latyniva, S.L.; Shatakeva, L. F.; Sotnikov, I. J.,  ORG: Yoronezh Synthetia Rubber Plant (Voronezhskiy zavod)		
	ORG: Yoronezh Synthetic Rubber Plant (Voronezhskiy shinnyy zavod)	•	
	TITIE: Oil-extended stereoregular cis-1,4-butadiene rubber	i.	
	7 verbule 4 verings no. 5, 1966, 3-4	•	!
	TODIC TAGS: polybutadiene, filler, plasticizer, value and the		
٠.	instruct: The conditions of preparation of differentiation and the properties of the		, -
	relationship and splicanizates were studied. A the cileaxtended rubbers were studied		
	plastell troad mix of the composition in push 4010NA 0.5; Antilux 1.0;		
	fur 1.0; bancosas 3) 60.0; oil 13.0. The workstand at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by the hope pre-		
	bon black (Vulcan 3) 60.0; oil 13.0. The workanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by bon black (Vulcan 3) 60.0; oil 13.0. The workanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by bon black (Vulcan 3) 60.0; oil 13.0. The workanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by bon black (Vulcan 3) 60.0; oil 13.0. The workanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by bon black (Vulcan 3) 60.0; oil 13.0. The workanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability of their mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability of their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability of their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by the vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability of their millability of their millability. The tread mixes were vulcanized at 143°C. Rubbers obtained by their millability of thei		
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SHESTAKOVA, R.A.

Simplified methods of determining discharges of mountain rivers.

(MIRA 15:12)

(Soviet Central Asia—Stream measurements)

YEGOROV, K.D., kand.ekon.nauk; TROSHINA, A.P.; KOVALEV, P.P.; NOVIKOVA,

A.A.; LAGUTINA, M.V.; VOLNINA, N.A.; SHESTAKOVA, R.V.;

AKIMCHENKO, O.Ye.; KULERAKIN, V.S., akademik, red.; VEYTS, V.I.,

red.; BUTENKO, A.F., kand.filosof.nauk, red.; RYBINSKIY, M.I.,

red.; CHASHNIKOVA, M.V., red.; NIZHNYAYA, S., red.; VOSKRESENSKAYA, T.,

red.; CHEKHUTOVA, V., red.; RKLITSKAYA, A.D., red.; CHEPELEVA, O.,

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[Works of the State Commission for the Electrification of Russia; documents and materials] Trudy Gosudarstvennoi komissii po elektrifikatsii Rossii GOKLRO; dokumenty i materialy. Red.komissiia: V.S.Kulebakin and others. Moskva, Izd-vo sotsial'no-ekon.lit-ry, 1960. 306 p.

1. Russia (1917- R.S.F.S.R.) Gosudarstvennaya komissiya po elektrifikatsii Rossii. 2. Chlen-korrespondent AN SSSR (for Veyts). (Electrification)

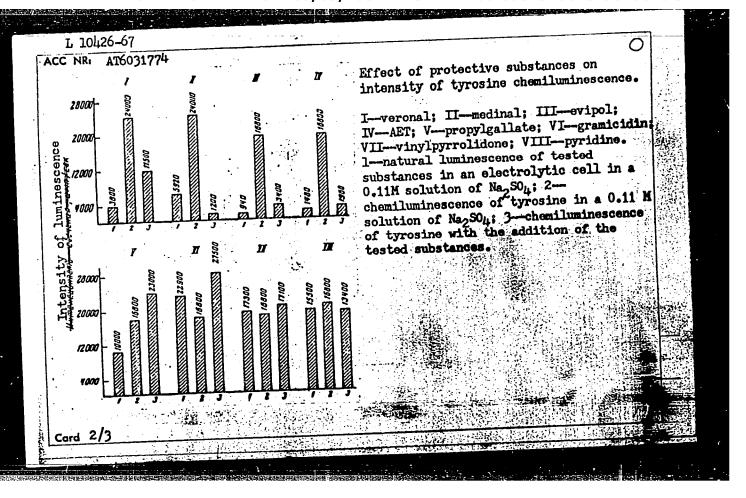
SHESTIKOVA, S.A.

Glycogen and alkasine phisphatase in exudate laucksytes in allowar diabetes. Probl. endok. s gorm. 11 no.4/109-112 (MRA 18:11) [Lag '65].

1. Kafedra patologicheskoy fiziologii (zav.- prof. M.M. Favlov) [Leningradskogo meditainskogo inatituta imeni Favlova.

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PITIE: Use of a chemiluminescent method to investigate the protective action mechanism of certain substances and their mixtures  SOURCE: Moskovskoye obshchestvo ispytateley prirody. Trudy. Otdel biologicheskiy, v. 16, 1966. Svobodnoradikal'nyye proteessy v biologicheskikh sistemakh (Processes of free radicals in biological systems), 19-21
SOURCE: Moskovskoye obshchestvo ispytateley prirody. Trudy. Otdel biologicheskiy, v. 16, 1966. Svobodnoradikal'nyye proteessy v biologicheskikh sistemakh (Processes of free radicals in biological systems), 19-21
SOURCE: Moskovskove obshchestvo ispytateley prirody. Trudy. Otdel biologicheskiy, 16, 1966. Svobodnoradikal'nyye proteessy v biologicheskikh sistemakh (Processes of the radicals in biological systems), 19-21
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recombined luminescence of radicals appearance in a 0.11 M solution of Na <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> . Intensity of luminescence was determined
with an FEU-42 photomultiplier.
Card 1/3

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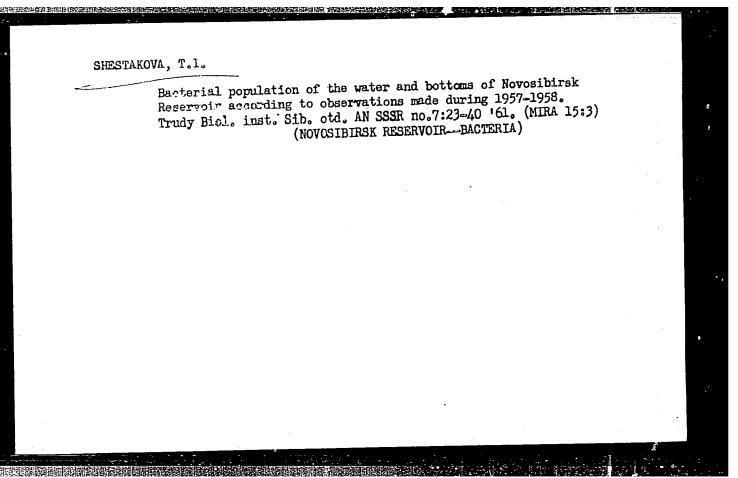
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Findings show that AET, medinal, veronal and evipol quench chemiluminescence of radicals formed during tyrosine electrolysis; these apparently act as antioxidants. Orig. art. has: 1 table.

SUB CODE: 06, 07/ SUBM DATE: none/ ORIG REF: 004/ OTH REF: 001

Card 3/3\_\_\_\_



SHESTAKOWA, 7.1.

Basic features of the microflora of the Novosibirsk Reservoir in the first year after its complete filling (1959). Trudy TSSBS no.8:56-62 164.

(MIRA 18:7)

USSR / Human and Animal Physiology. Internal Secretion, Thyroid Gland

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 15, 1958, No. 70334 Abs Jour

: Burgsdorf, M. V.; Volkova, V. P.; Shostakova, T. N. Author

: Not given Inst

: The Problem of the Uptake and Excretion of Isotopes of Title

Iodino in the Treatment of Basedow's Disease

: In the collection, Tr. obl. konferentsii po endemich. Orig Pub

zoby i boloznyam shchitovidn. zhelozy. Chelyabinsk, 1957,

110-114

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Card 1/1

100

Use of extraction by pairs of solvents for the purification of phenyl ethyl alcohol. VNIISMDV no.5:102-107 '61. (MIRA 14:10) (Phenethyl alcohol) (Extraction (Chemistry))

KISELEVA, Ye.N.; GEL'PERIN, N.I.; SHESTAKOVA, V.A.

Removal of impurities from phenylethyl alcohol extraction with vapor solvents in an injection column. Zhur. prikl. khim. 34 no.1: 167-172 Ja '61. (Phenethyl alcohol)

KHAN, O.A.; URUBKOVA, E.I.; SHESTAKOVA, V.A.

New hydro- and electrometallurgical flowsheet for obtaining high purity zinc. Trudy Alt. GANII AN Kazakh. SSR 9:173-180 60. (MIRA 14:6)

1. Altayskiy gornometallurgicheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut AN Kazakhskoy SSR (for Khan, Shestakova). 2. Vsesoyuznyy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut tsvetnykh metallov (for Urubkova).

(Zinc-Electrometallurgy) (Hydraulic metallurgy)

SHESTAKOVA, V. A. and AKHROMEYKO, A. I.

"Role of Microorganisms in the Nourishment of Ligneous Plants," edited by A. A. Imshenetskiy, Corresponding Member, Academy of Medical Sciences USSR, Moscow, Publishing House of the Academy of Sciences USSR, 1955, 239 pp

Sum 1467

Country : USSR There Thysiology. Mineral Nutrition.

Abs Jon .: Ref. Thur. Fiologiya No. 11, 1958. No. 48534

Author :
Institut:
Title :

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Abstrac : ash seedlings was lowered in comparison with the control (which was not enriched) through the biological fixetion of the phosphorus fertilization; the biological absorption of phosphates was reduced with decreased environmental moisture. Enduation in the evaluability of P32 did not affect plant arowth. By the tenth day the plants had already consumed a substantial amount of the

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V.A. SHESTAKOVA, (A.I. Akhroneyko)	
"THE ROLD OF REIZOSTHERIC MICROCRIANIUMS IN NUTRITION OF FOREST FLANTS"	
uy A. F. Akhromeyko, V. A. Chestakova	
heport presented at One UN Atoms-for-Feace Conference, Geneva, 9-13 Sept 1958	
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AKHROMEYKO, A.I.; SHESTAKOVA, V.A.

Role of micro-organisms in the absorption and secretion of phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak, ash and maple seedlings [with summary phosphorus and sulfur by oak]]

in English]. Mikrobiologiia 27 no.1:67-74 Ja-F '58. (MIRA 11:4)

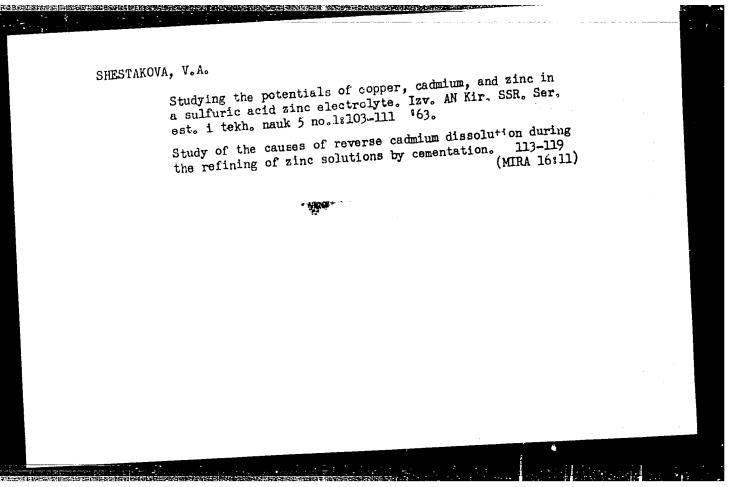
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mekhanizatsii lesnogo khozyaystva.
(RHIZOSPHERE MICROBIOLOGY) (TREES) (PLANTS-ASSIMILATION)

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SHESTAKOVA, V. A.

Cand Biol Sci - (diss) "Study of several aspects of the interrelationships of micro-organisms with wood plants." Moscow, 1961. 19 pp; (Moscow Order of Lenin and Order of Labor Red Banner State Univ imeni M. V. Lomonosov, Biology-Soils Faculty); 140 copies; price not given; list of author's works on p 19 (10 entries); (KL, 6-61 sup, 210)



Wise of fractionating extraction for deterpenation of Soviet ethereal oils. Trudy VNIISNDV no.6:158-164 163. (MIRA 17:4)